



International
Centre for
Radio
Astronomy
Research

Low frequency VLBI on Pulsars

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THE UNIVERSITY OF
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

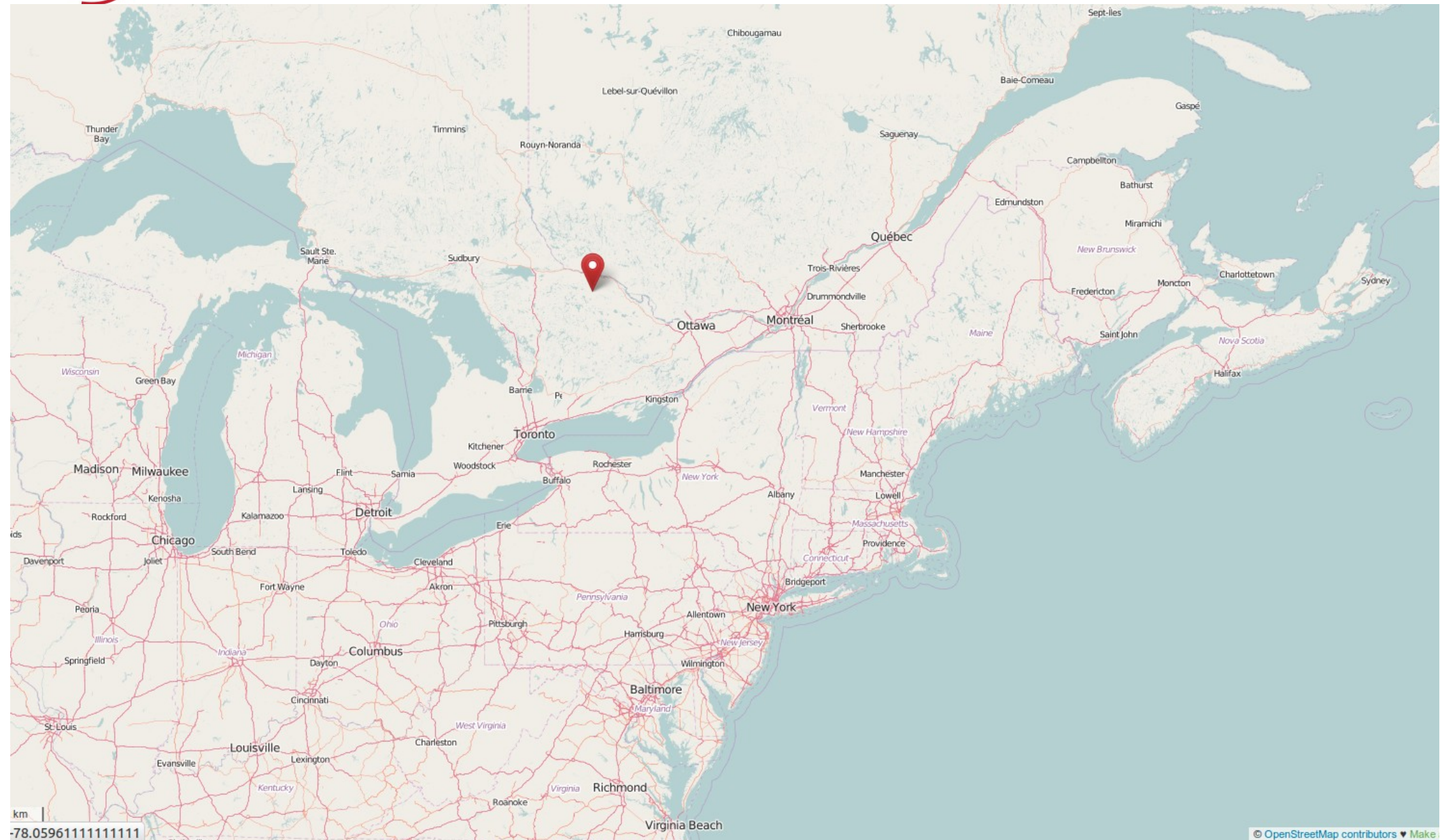


The Aim: Find Fringes!





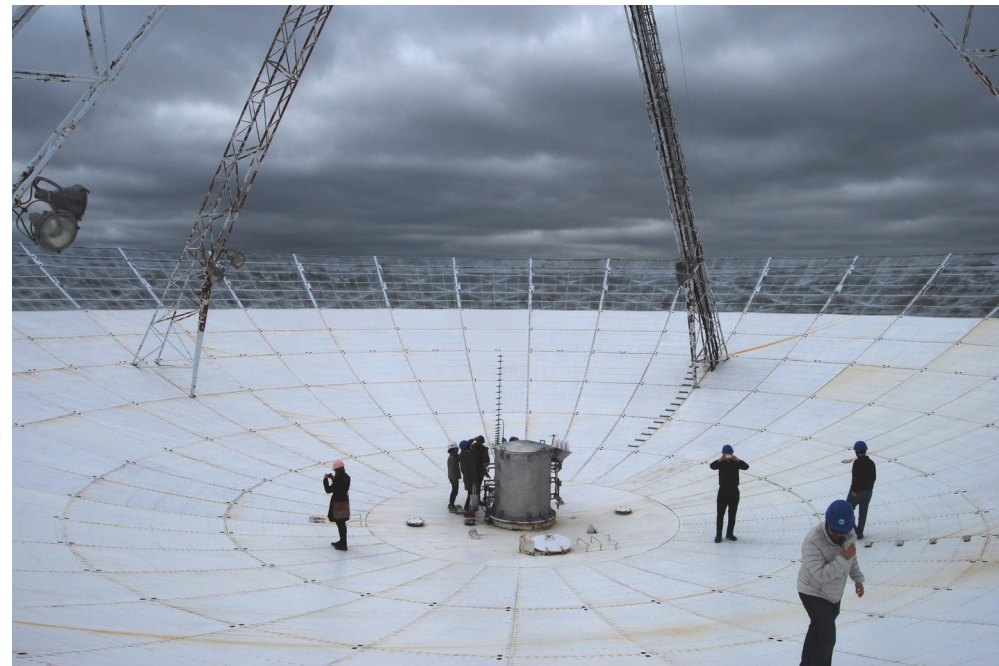
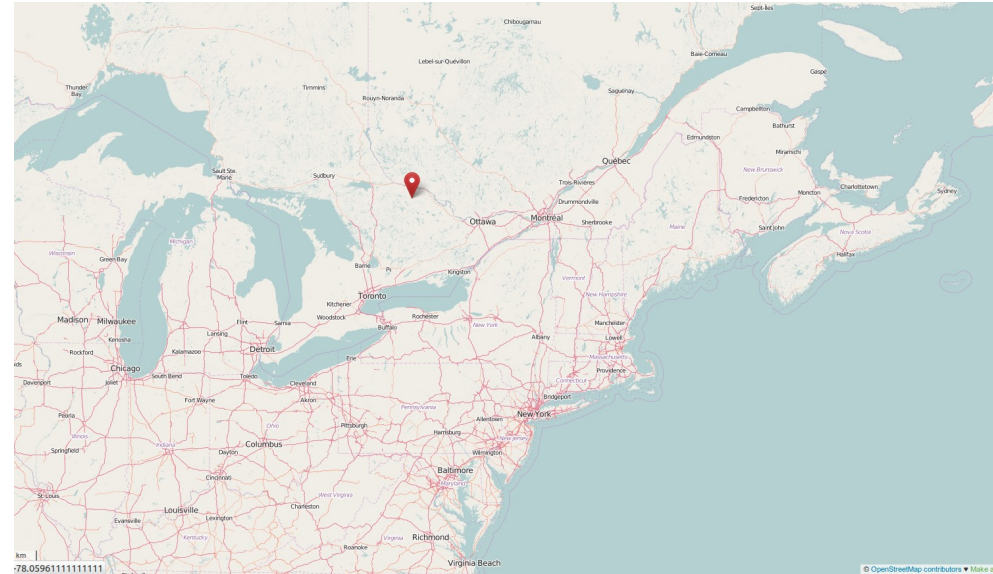
The Algoquin Radio Observatory





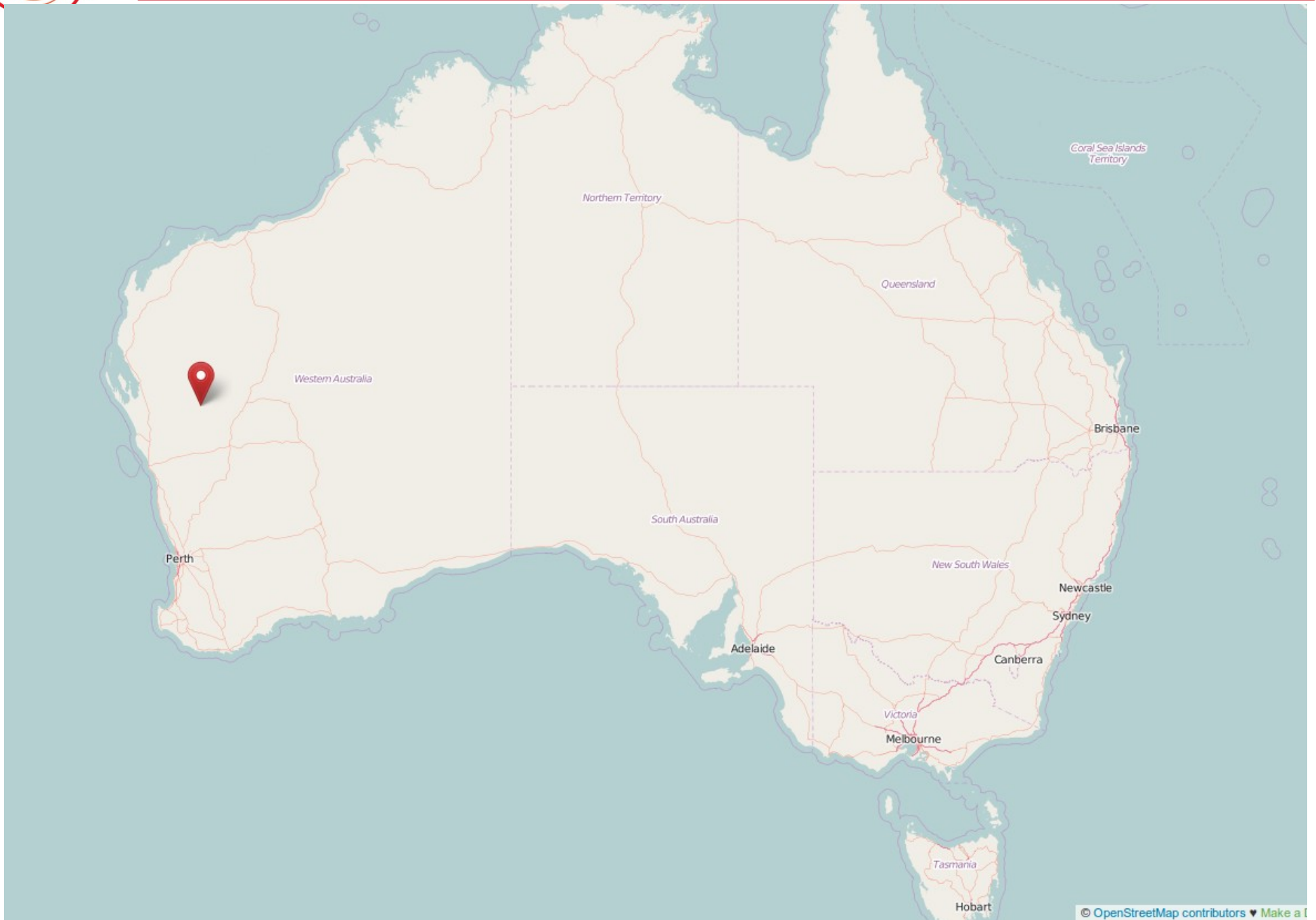
The Algoquin Radio Observatory

- Built in 1965, designed by Freeman Fox – also designed Parkes
- Geodetic dish until ???
- restoration as of 2008
- 46m diameter
- S-, X- L-band
- CHIME receiver mounted
- 400 – 800 MHz, 1024 channels
- Output is (non-standard) VDIF: 128 threads, 8 channels, 2 stations (one each pol), 4+4 bit complex
- Thread ID encodes freq
- Time not synchronised to GPS/atomic clock
- Observed the Crab at 600 MHz with GMRT and ARO



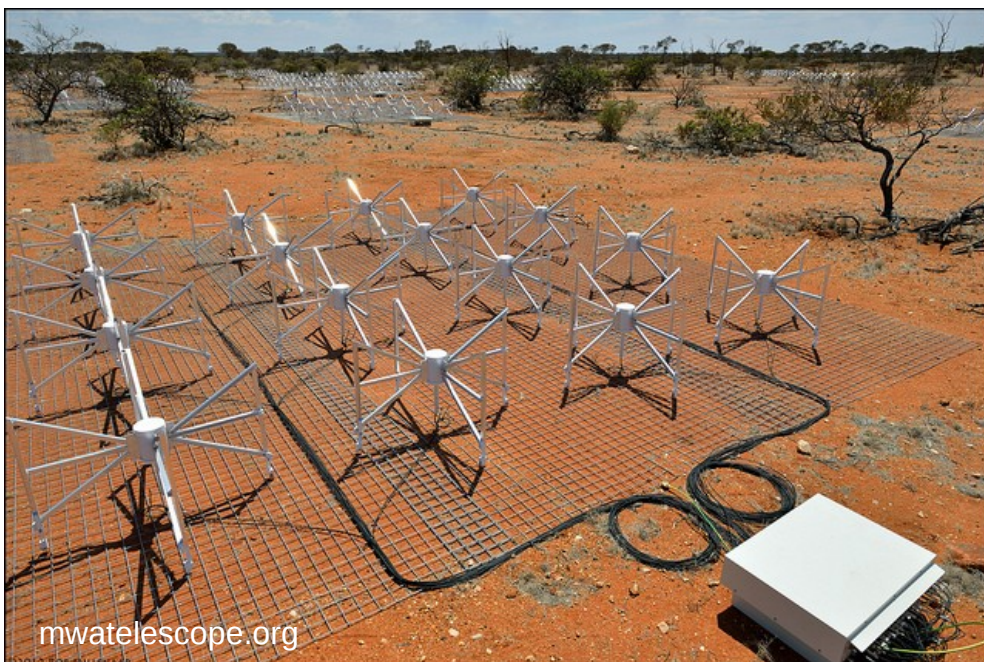
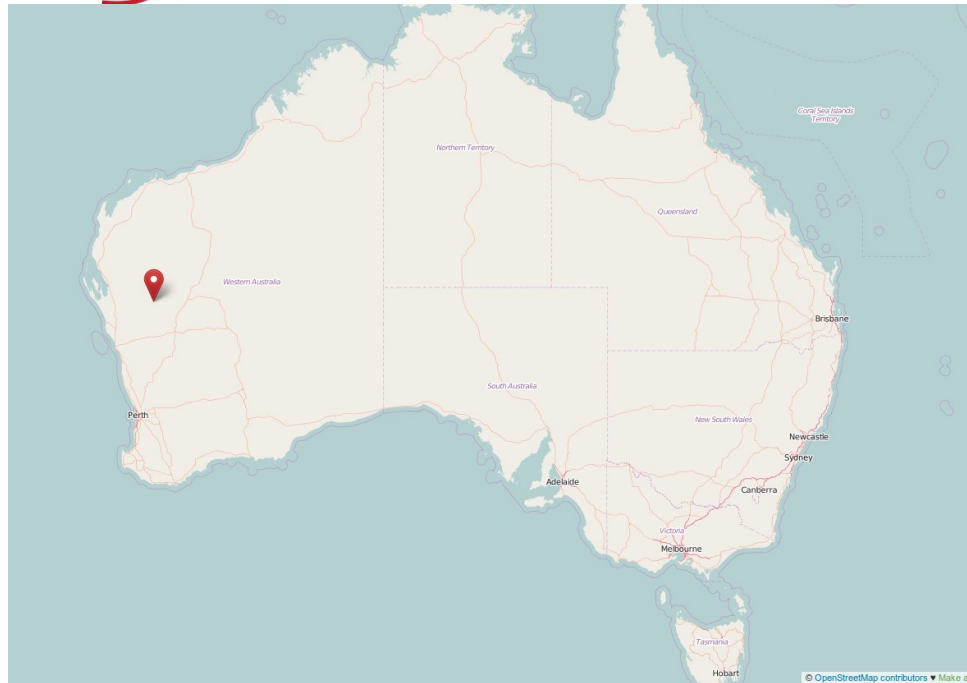


The MWA





The MWA



- SKA precursor
- ~ 80 – 300 MHz
- 128 tiles, 4x4 dipoles
- max 3km baseline
- $24 \times 1.28 \text{ MHz} = 30.72 \text{ MHz BW}$
- 10 kHz, 100 us resolution (raw voltages, VCS)
- regular pulsar observations → incoherent sum
- recently added beamformer, aka tied array
- Output: $24 \times 1.28 \text{ MHz}$ psrfits or VDIF
- VDIF: 2+2 bit complex, also 8+8 bit complex



Joint observations with the GMRT – the Crab

- GMRT: 33.33 MHz BW, 256 channels (136.67 – 170 MHz)
- MWA: 30.72 MHz BW, 24 channels (141.44 – 172.16 MHz)
- GMRT data format in phased array mode:
 - 5 files:
 - ✓ timestamps, 4 per second – tied to GPS before obs
 - ✓ 2 x left pol, each 1/8 of a second
 - ✓ 2 x right pol, same
- Times notoriously inaccurate, drifts (~1s a day apparently)
- XYZ coordinates of phase centre not exactly known



Joint observations with the GMRT – the Crab

- Want to make use of Crab giant pulses to synchronize clocks
- Scatter broadening ~ 15 ms at 160 MHz
- Already found giant pulses at MWA
- Challenge to get data from GMRT – network slow, unstable
- Beamformer worked on 0437 – trouble getting it to work now



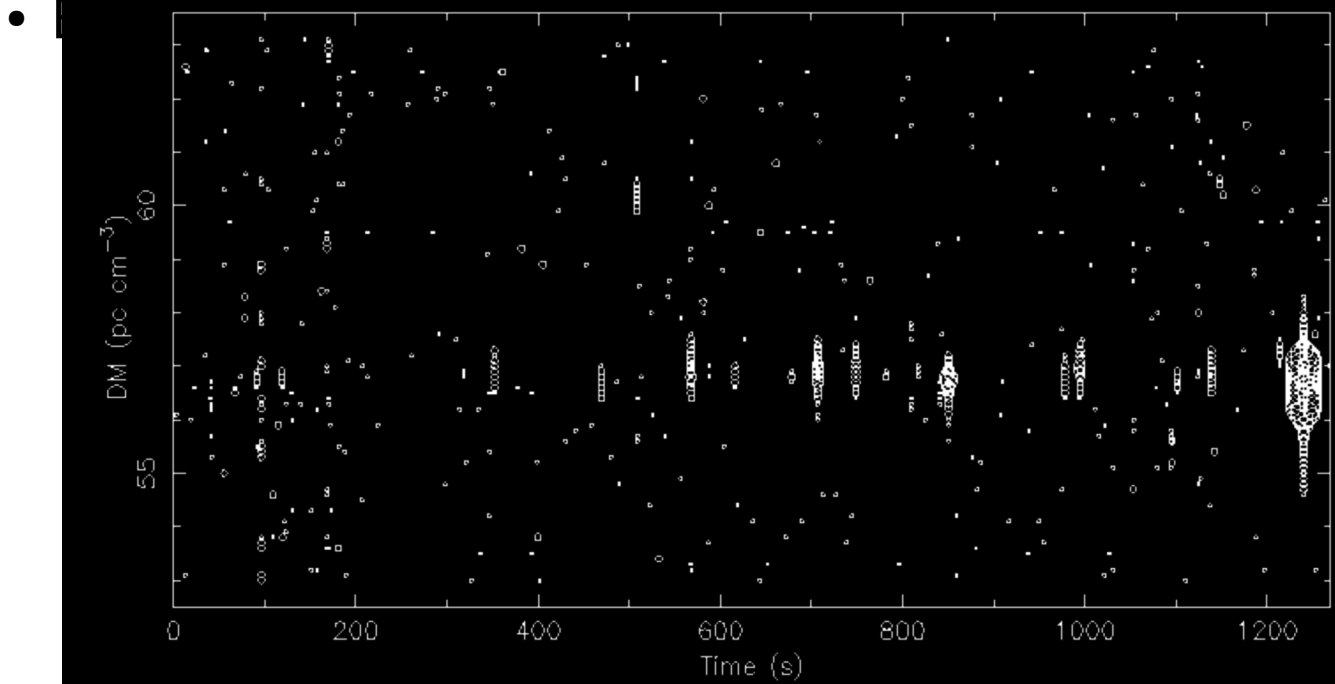
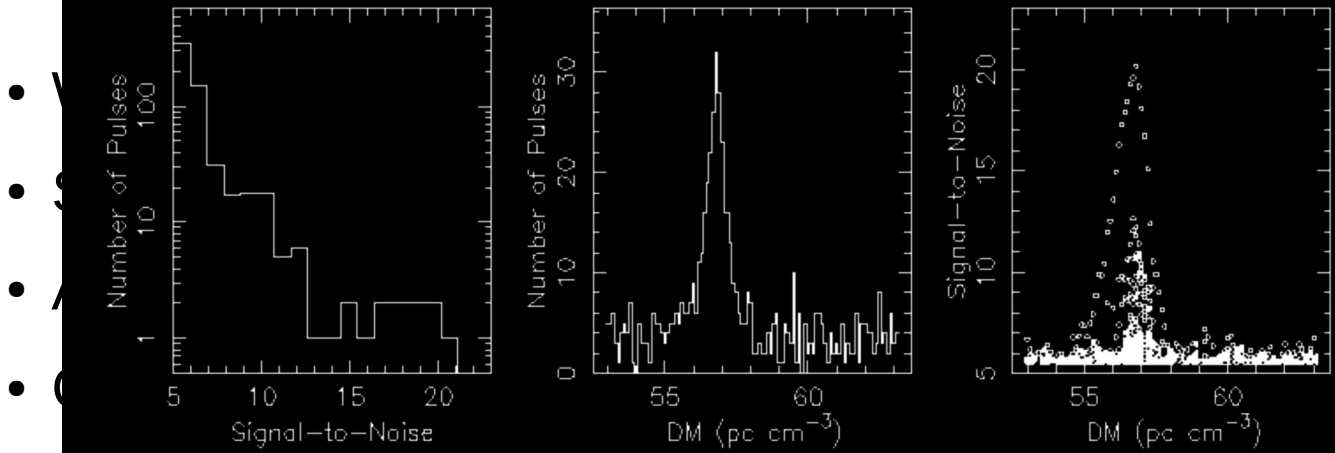
Joint observations with the GMRT – the Crab

Single pulse results for '1127939368'

Source: 1127939368
Telescope: MWA
Instrument: MWA-VCS

RA (J2000): 05:03:49.7900
DEC (J2000): 18:37:16.8906
MJD_{topo}: 57298.853680555556

N samples: 12700000
Sampling time: 100.00 μ s
Freq_{ctr}: 156.8 MHz



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the clocks
unstable
ork now



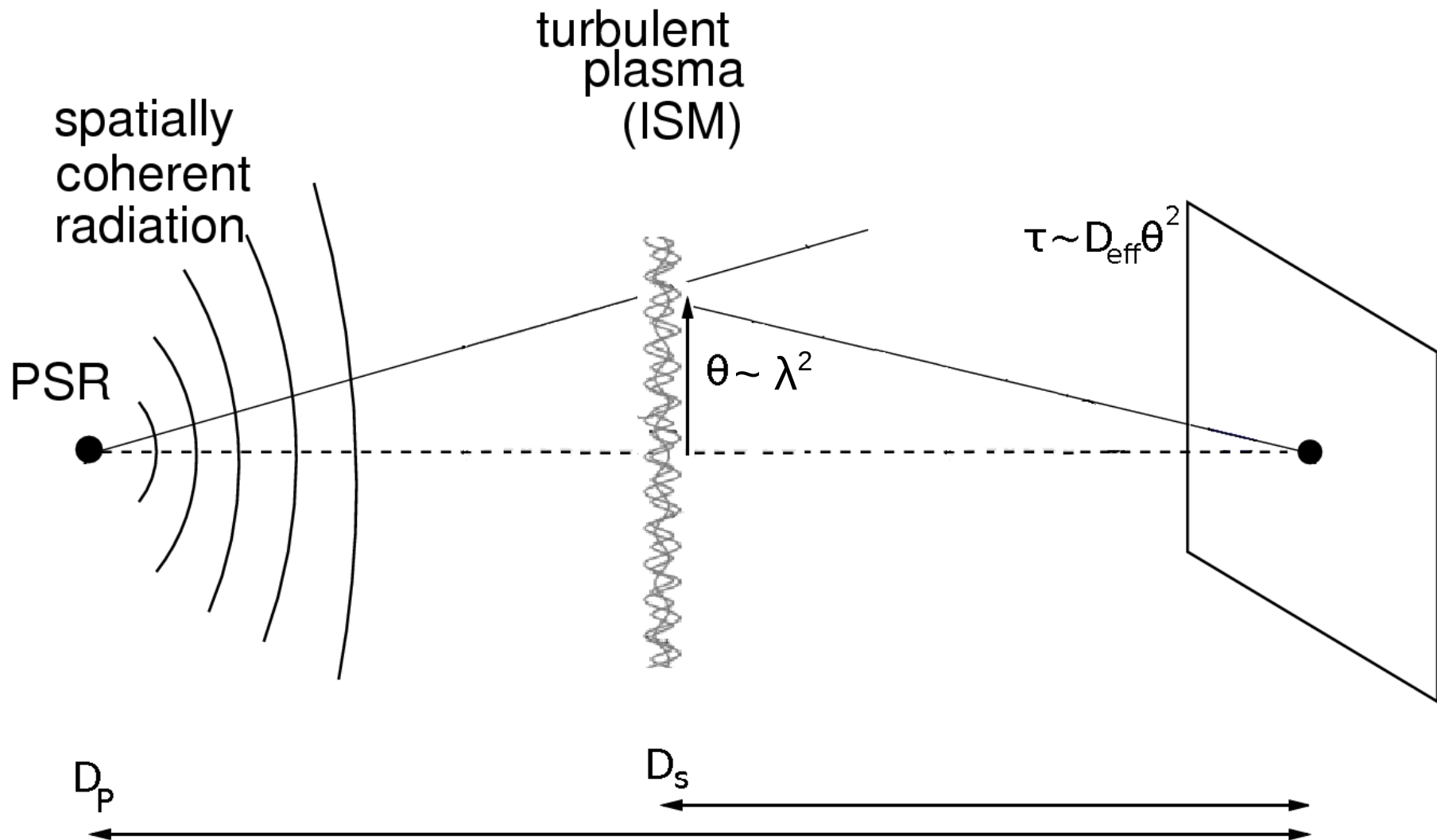
DiFX/SFXC install on GPC at Scinet

- General Purpose Cluster
- Linux Centos 6.4
- 3864 nodes (30,912 cores),
16/32/64/128 GB RAM
- QDR/DDR infiniband
- Have SFXC and DiFX running
- SFXC only gnu compiles, DiFX both
intel and gnu compiles
- Moab scheduler
- Regularly correlate with ~800 cores



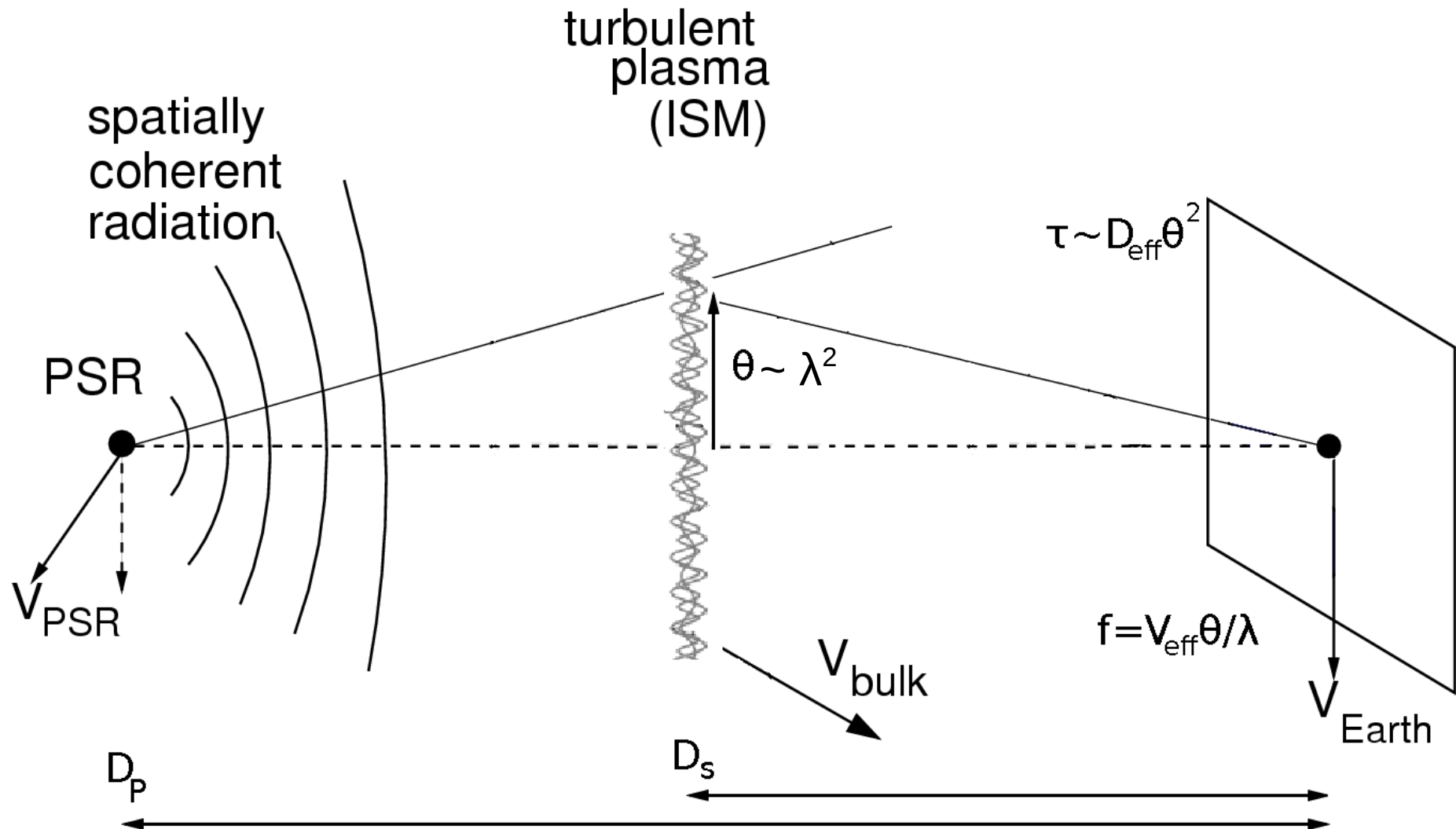


Apart from 'just finding fringes': Scintillometry



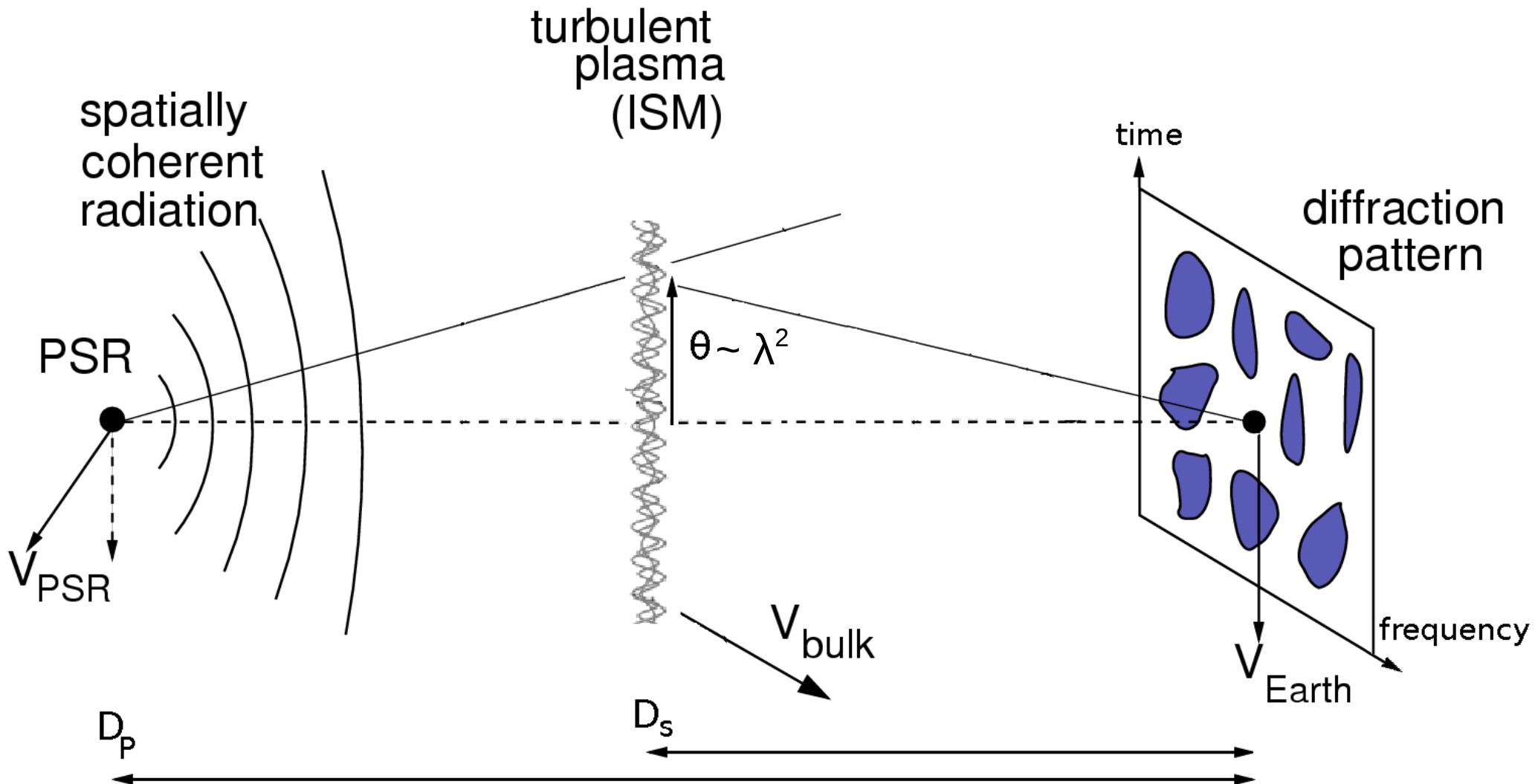


Apart from 'just finding fringes': Scintillometry





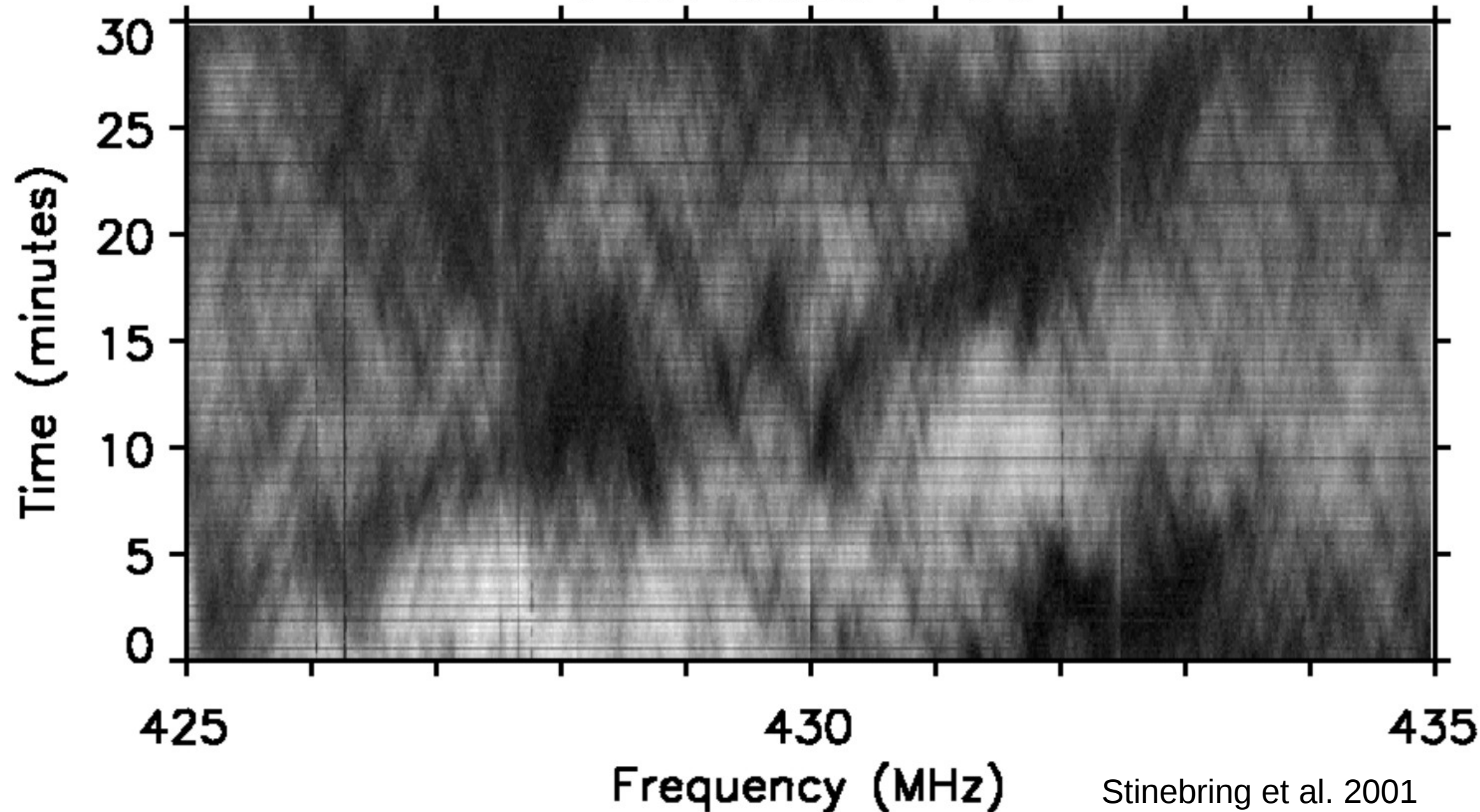
Apart from 'just finding fringes': Scintillometry





Apart from 'just finding fringes': Scintillometry

PSR B0834+06

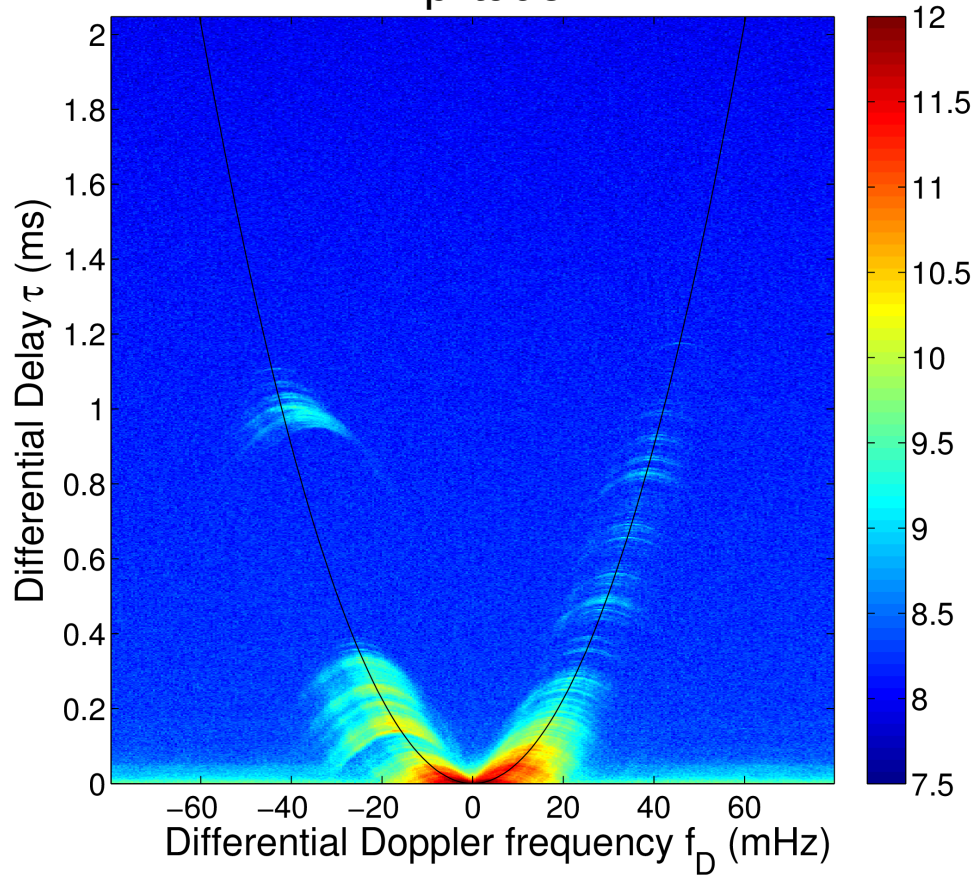


Stinebring et al. 2001

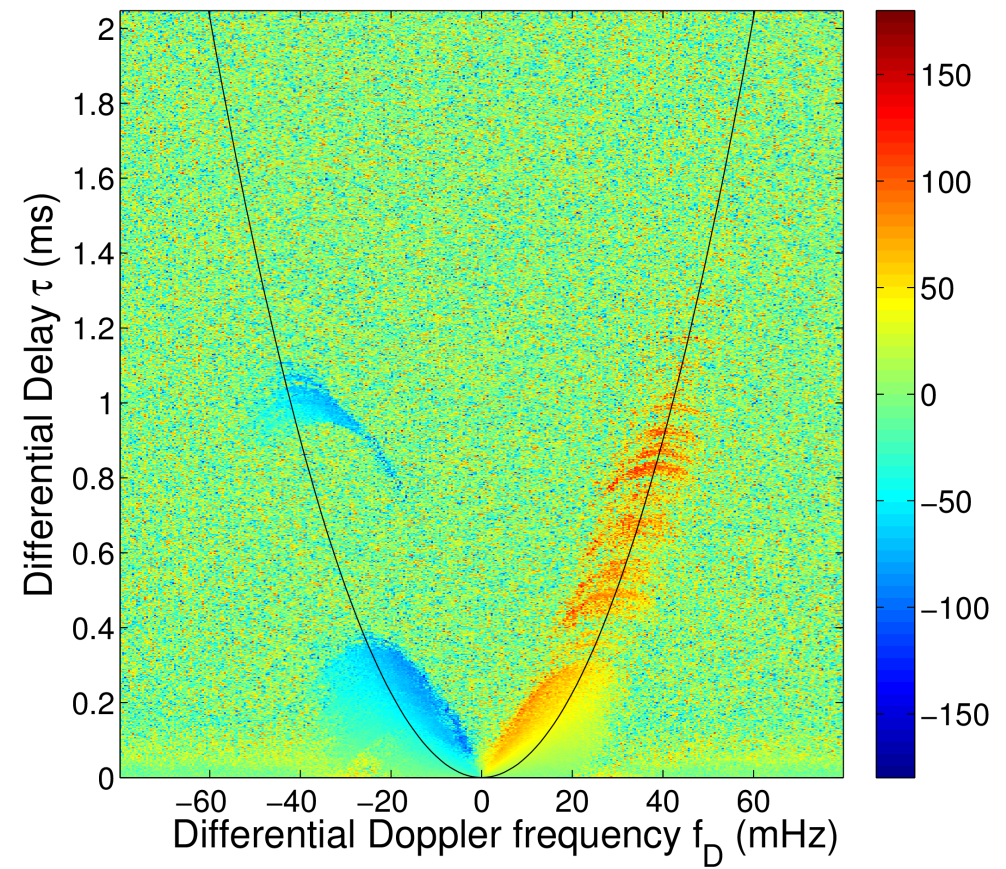


Apart from 'just finding fringes': Scintillometry

Amplitude



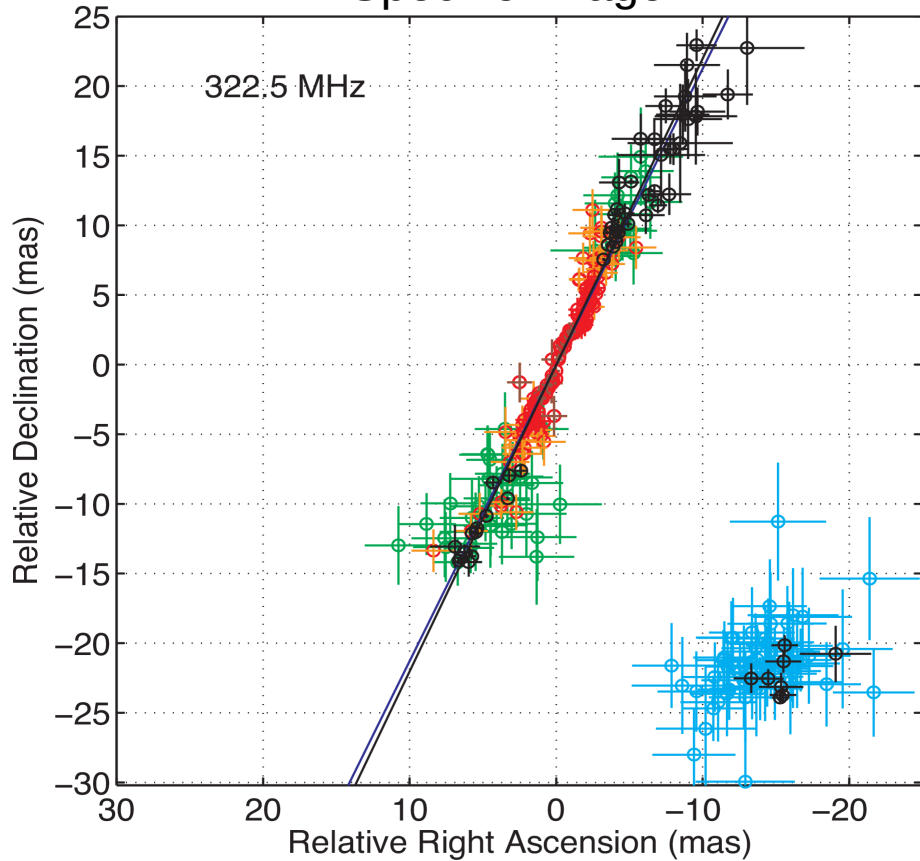
Phase



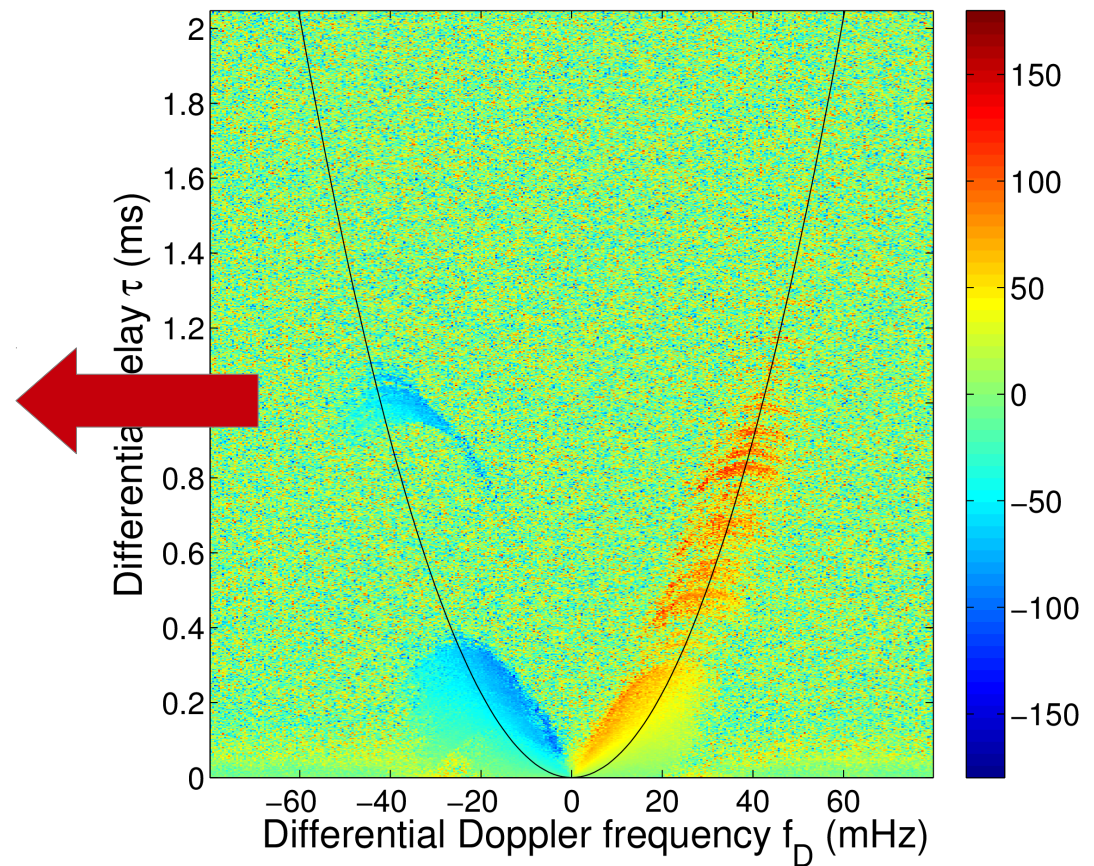


Apart from 'just finding fringes': Scintillometry

Speckle Image



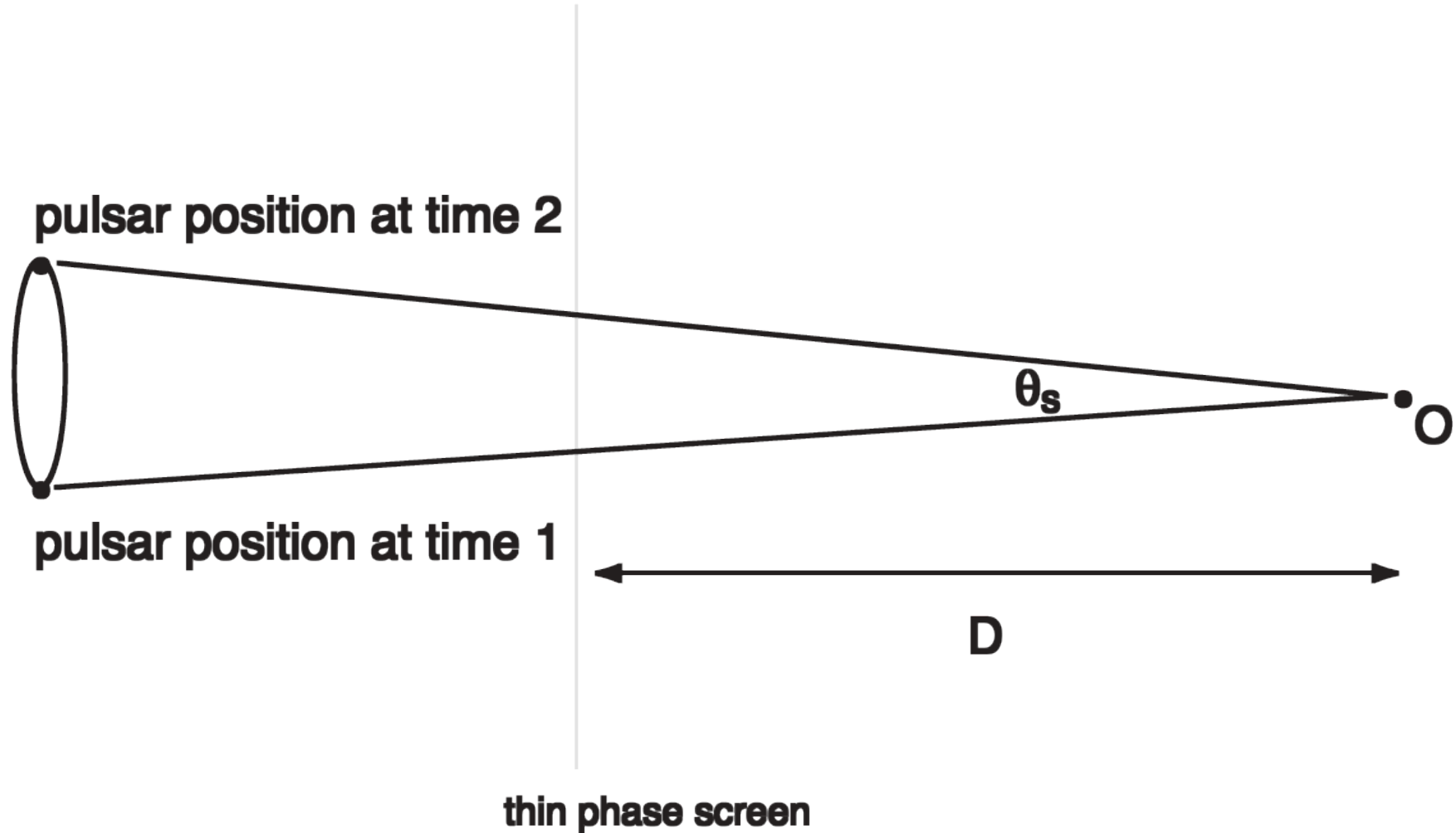
Phase



$$\tau = D_{\text{eff}} \theta^2 / 2c$$

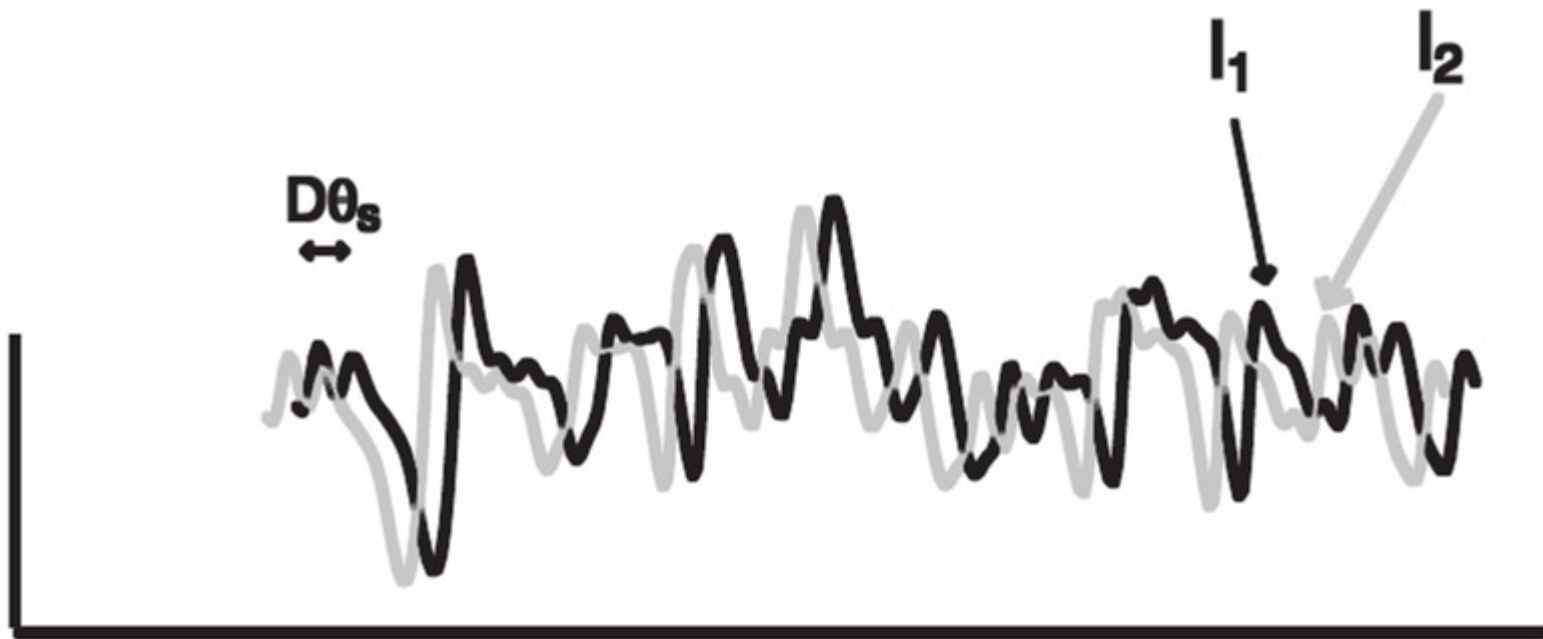


Applications – Pulsar positions



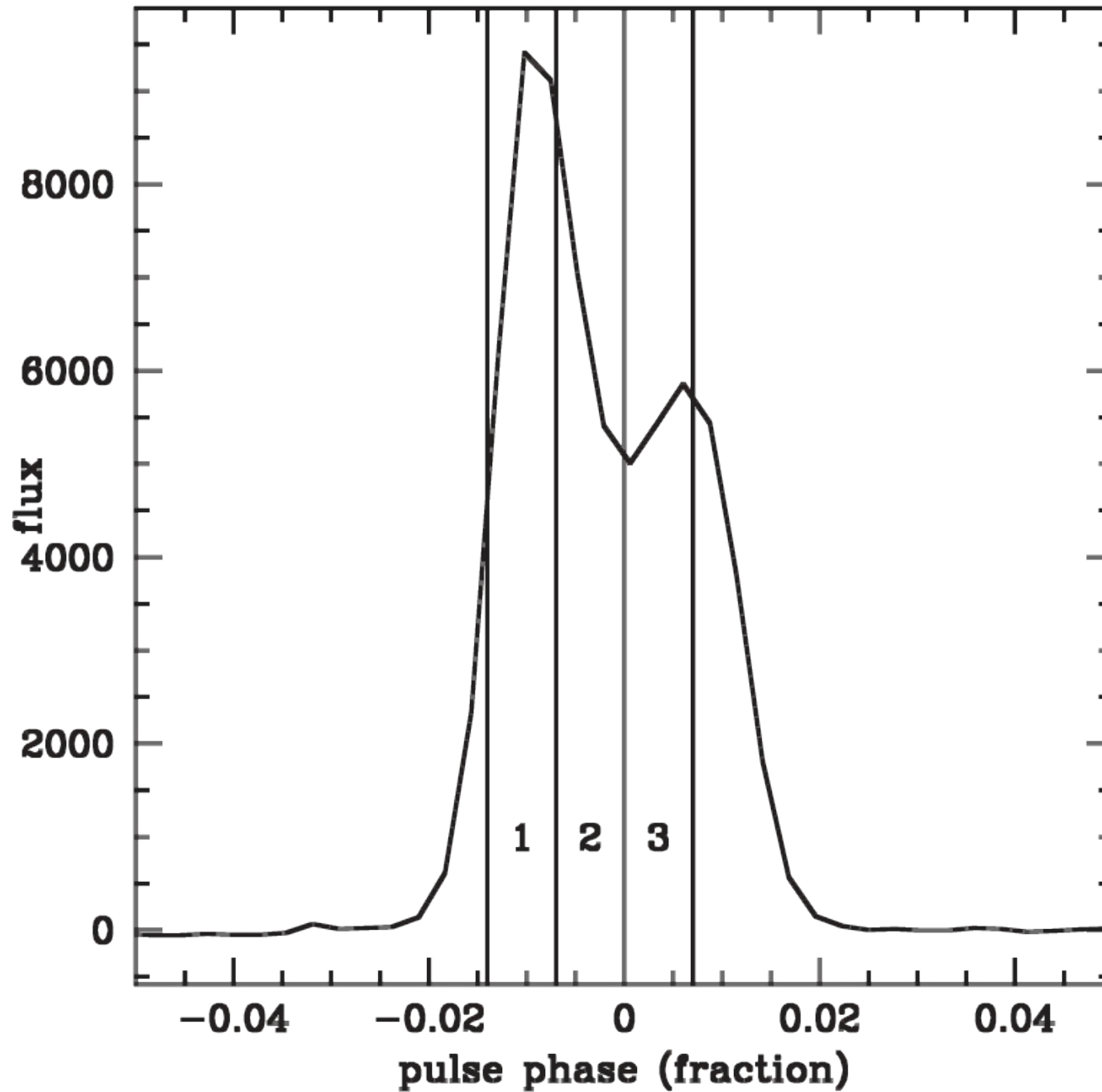


Applications – Pulsar positions



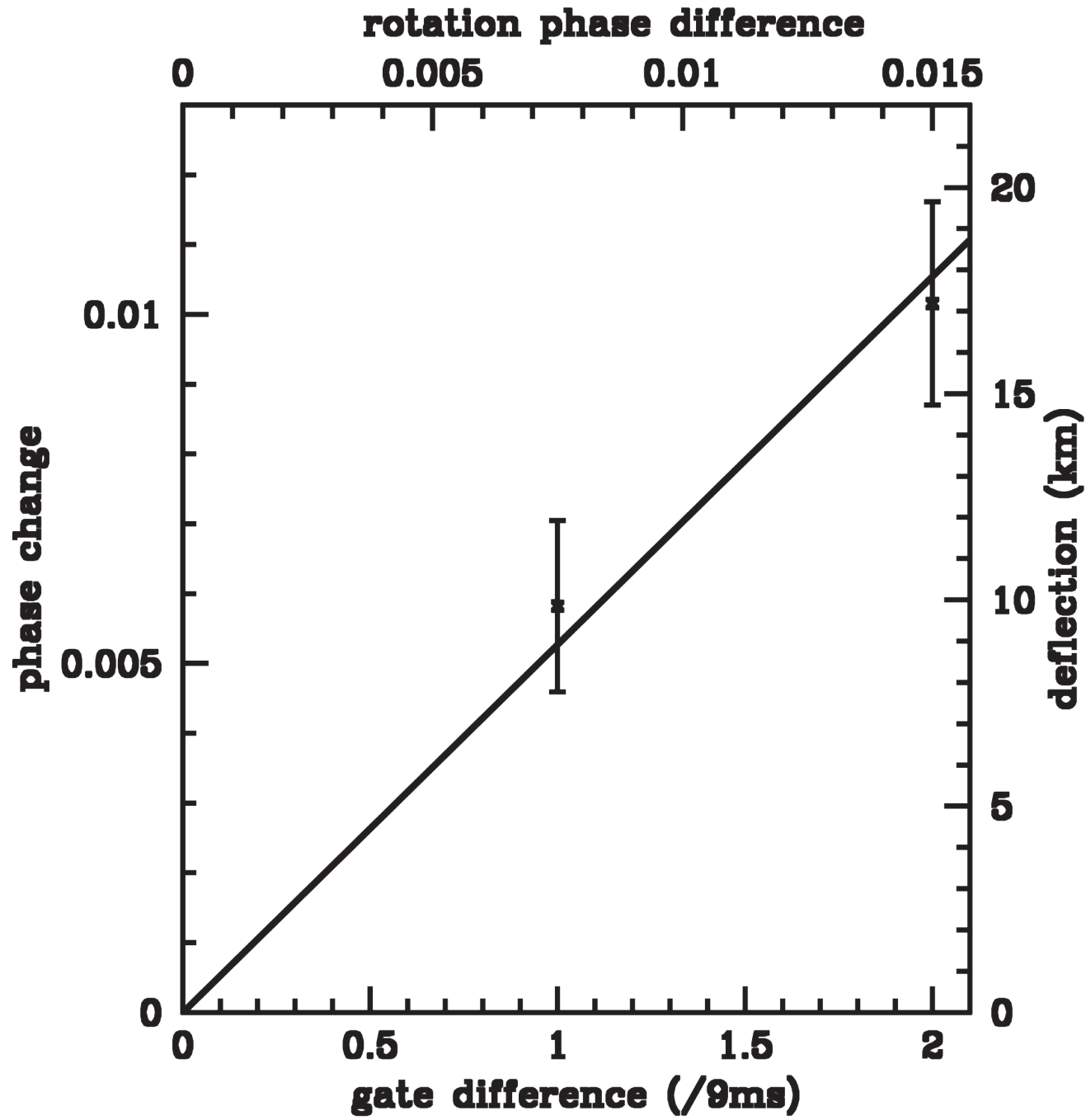


Applications – Pulsar emission region





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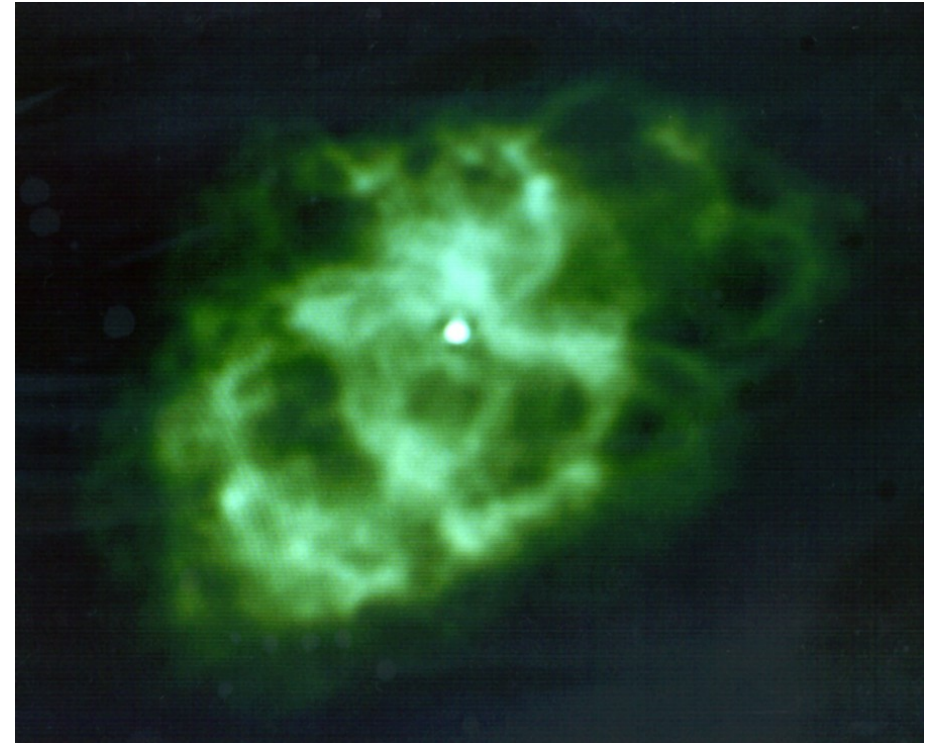
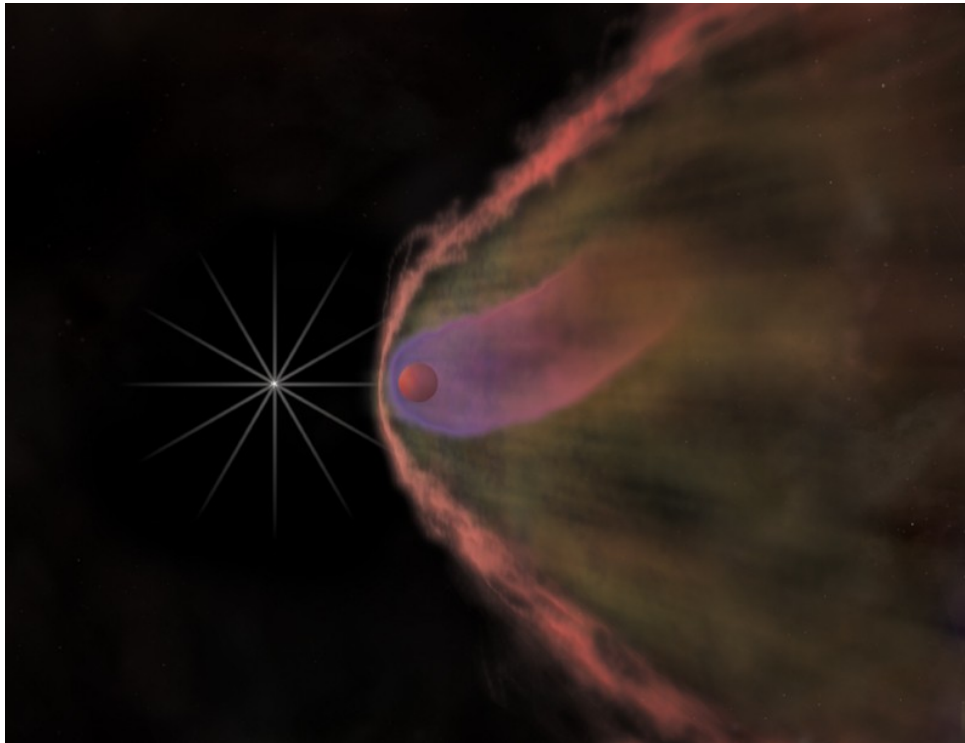




Current projects

<http://chandra.harvard.edu>

Image courtesy of NRAO/AUI



- B1957+20, aka 'Black Widow Pulsar'
- Measure size of projected orbit and get inclination
- Measure mass of the pulsar (could be as high as $2.4 M_{\text{sol}}$ (van Kerkwijk 2011))

- B0531+21, aka 'The Crab'
- Measure deflection between components
- Measure deflection between normal and 'Giant' pulses
- Determine emission height